

SPECIFICATION SHEET

SUSPENDED SOLIDS ANALYZER

Model SSF-1600

The SSF-1600 is an analyzer used to conduct continuous optical measurements of the concentration of solids. It can measure the concentration of suspended solids (SS) in sewage, night soil, and industrial waste treatment plants, as well as the concentration of mixed liquor suspended solids (MLSS) in aeration tanks.

The SSF-1600 consists of a small lightweight infrared detector, which is designed to be immersed in sample solutions, and a transmitter for converting the measured SS concentration to 4~20mA DC analog output signals and RS-485 digital signals.

Features

Extensive measurement ranges

The SSF-1600 can conduct measurements across wide concentration ranges, such as ranges of 0 to 1000 mg/L (ppm) and 0 to 30000 mg/L (ppm). You can choose a two-range type or a three-range type. There are three selectable modes for switching, manual ranging, auto ranging and remote–ranging for each model.

Infrared detector

The light source of the SSF-1600 is an infrared lightemitting diode (LED). This LED is long lasting and is almost completely unaffected by colored samples. In addition, the pulsed light signals processing prevents it from being affected by sunlight and other forms of ambient light.

Practical calculation features

The SSF-1600 comes with useful features for calculation functions. The unit employs piecewise linear approximation to correct values that were analyzed manually. It also performs three-point calibration to correct approximate calculations. And self-diagnosis including system error, calibration error and others is available.



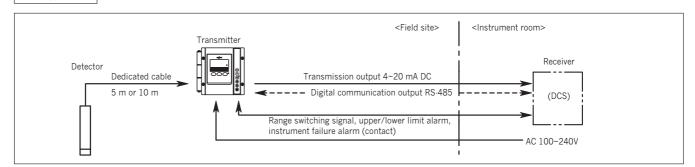
Detector options: Throw-in type and drop-in type Detectors are classified by installation conditions into two different types: throw-in type and drop-in type, the latter in which the detector is inserted into a long protection pipe that is 2 to 6 meters long.

Stain-resistant design

The small and lightweight detector is made of stainless steel and has a stain-resistant design. The detector plane is washed by the flow of sample water, which helps to prevent dirt deposits from accumulating. Jet cleaner (option for the drop-in type)

A water (air) jet cleaner or pulse air jet cleaner can be purchased as an option to remove thick layers of dirt deposits that form on the detector plane, such as when the flow rate of sample water is too slow.

Digital signal RS-485 equipped as standard. Supports Modbus communication.



Configuration

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Model	: SSF-1600
Measurement method	: Infrared scattered light measurement
Items measured	: SS concentration in water and MLSS
	concentration in activated sludge
Entire measurement r	ange : 0~30000 mg/L
Measurement	: The following ranges are available.
ranges	Two-range; 0~1000/3000
	0~3000/5000
	0~5000/10000
	0~10000/20000
	0~20000/30000
	Three-range; 0~3000/5000/10000
	0~5000/10000/20000
	0~10000/20000/30000
	(Three selectable range switching;
	manual, automatic, and remote.)
Measurement unit	: mg/L or ppm
Display	: LCD display with backlight
	Minimum value displayed; 10 (the first
	digit is fixed at zero.)
Power supply	: 100~240V AC ±10%, 50/60Hz
Power consumption	: Approx. 10 VA
Transmission	: DC4~20 mA (isolated)
output	Load resistance; 600Ω or less
Contact output	: Six items available between under
	maintenance, instrument failure, range
	display *1, concentration upper alarm,
	concentration lower alarm, output for
	cleaner, under cleaning, and power
	interrupt.(For details about connecting
	when the resistance load is 30V DC 0.1 A
	and the load is 100V AC, see Note 4 in
	"Terminal Connections".)

Calibration

Because the composition and properties of suspended solids (mixed liquor suspended solids) are extremely complex, it is impossible to clearly define specific substances as standard suspended solids (mixed liquor suspended solids). Thus, calibration using manual analysis data at each site is required.

1)Calibration using manual analysis (weight method) as standard

Conduct manual analysises (weight method) and record SSF-1600 readings for as many samples as possible. Plot the regression line on the scatter diagram by comparing the manual analysis values to the SSF-1600 readings.

Using this regression line, calibrate the instrument.

2)Using the standard scatter plate to perform calibration After calibration using manual analysises (weight method), measure the supplied scatter plate and record the indicated values. Then calibration using the scatter plate will be available.

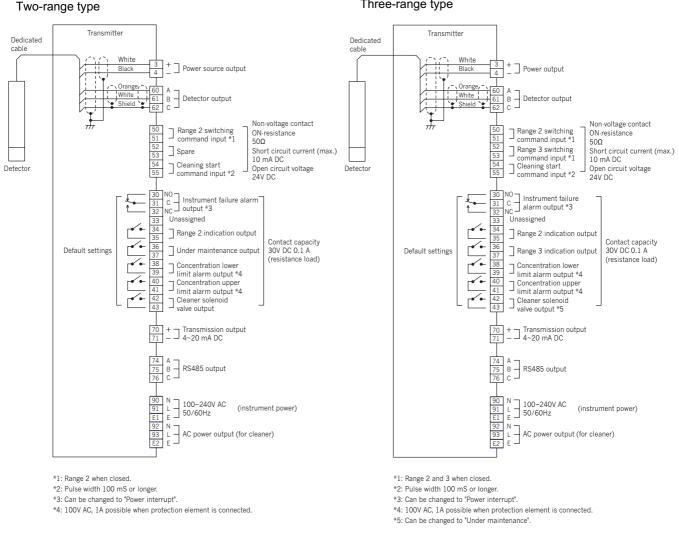
	*1: If automatic or remote is selected as the		
	range switching mode for the three-range		
	type, two contact points are used		
	exclusively to display the range.		
Contact input	: Remote range switching, cleaning command		
Repeatability	: ±2% FS (with standard solution)		
Stability	: Zero drift; ±2% FS/7 days (with zero water)		
	Span drift; ±2% FS/7 days (with standard		
	solution)		
Response time	: 5 minutes or less for 90% response when		
	set at position 4.		
	(Nine selectable settings between 10 s		
	and 128 min)		
Ambient conditions : -10~55°C, 95% RH or less (no condensation)			
Sample conditions : Temperature; 0~50°C (no freezing).			
	Flow rate; 0.5~1.5 m/s (0.5~1.0 m/s for		
	float type)		
Protective constr	uction : Transmitter; IP65		
Detector	: Underwater; Withstanding pressure 0.2		
construction	MPa		
Detector cable le	ngth : 5 m (standard)		
Light source	: Infrared LED 945 nm		
Photo sensor	: Silicon photodiode		
Wiring end	: Cable gland (6 pcs) for ø6~12 cable		
connection	Conduit thread G1/2 (when cable glands		
	are removed)		
Mounting	:Transmitter; Mounted on a 50 A pipe or		
	wall/rack		
	Detector; Throw-in type or drop-in type		
	with protection pipe		
Material	: Transmitter; ADC12 (aluminum die-cast)		
	Color; Metallic silver		
	Detector; SUS316 *2, glass BK7		
Weight	: Transmitter; Approx. 2.2 kg		
	Detector; Approx. 3 kg (including 5 m		
	cable)		
	*2: Contact us for details about how to		
	prevent possible corrosion caused by		
	samples or ambient condition at site.		

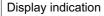
Detector installation conditions

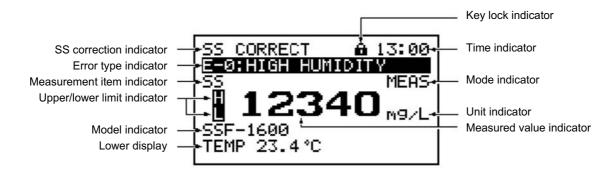
Avoid installing the detector in a location where the sample flow rate is slow or stagnant.

If a thick layer of dirt deposits forms on the detector plane of the drop-in type, we recommend that you purchase the optional water (air) jet cleaner or pulse air jet cleaner to remove the deposits. **Terminal Connections**

Three-range type



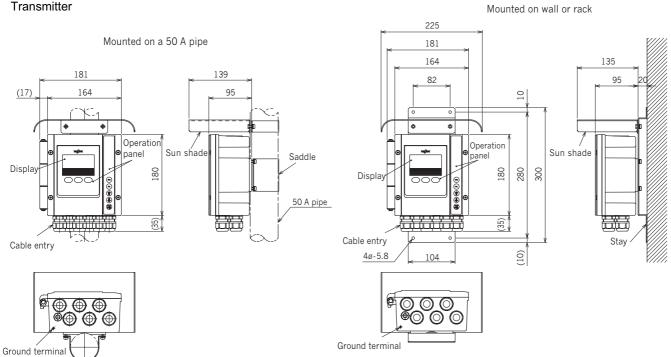


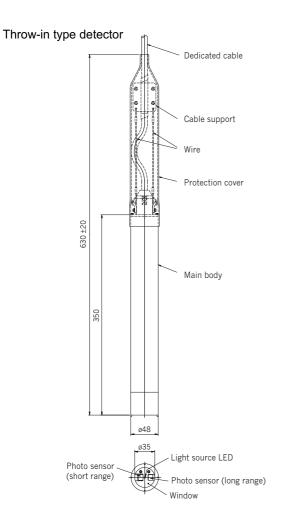


<Display in measurement mode>

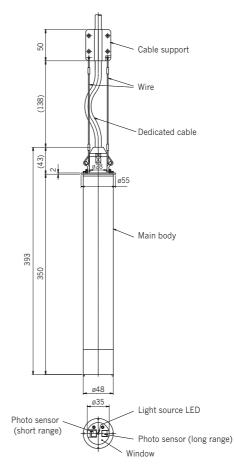
Dimensions Unit : mm

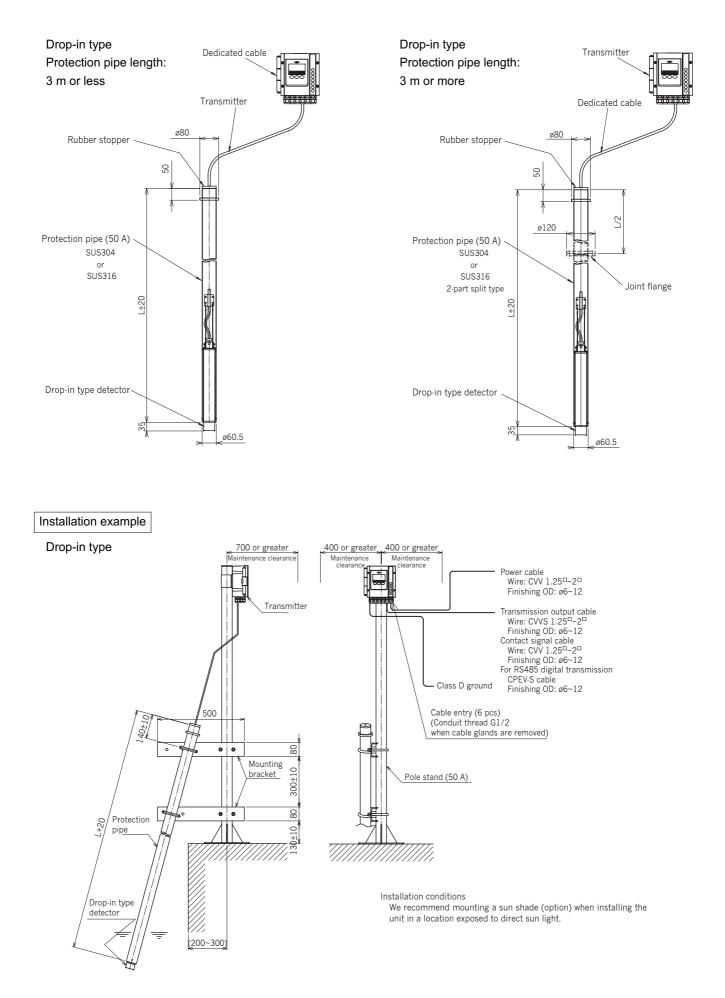
Transmitter



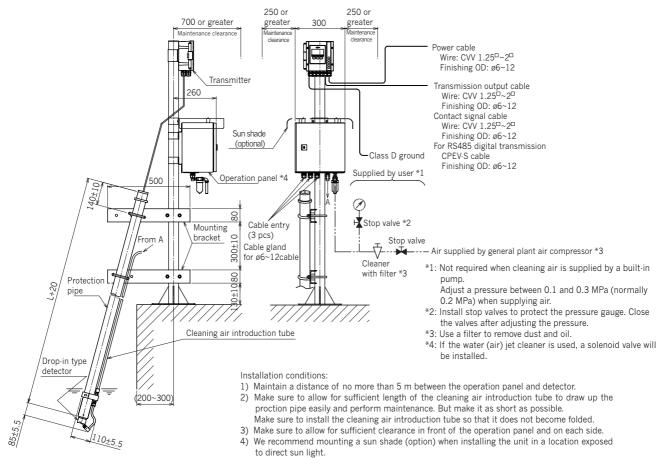


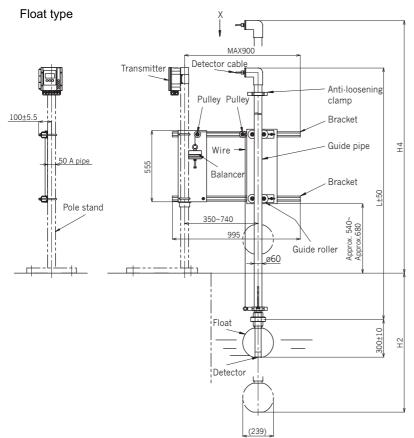
Drop-in type detector (no protection pipe)



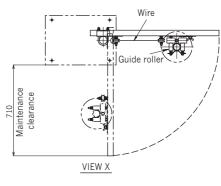


Drop-in type with pulse air jet cleaner

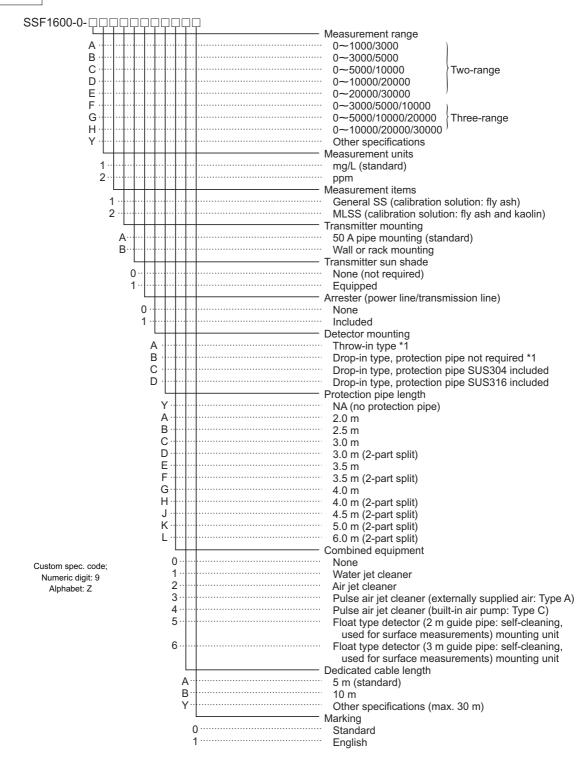




Guide pipe	Float installation	Height during
length	depth	maintenance
L	H2	H4
2000mm	Approx. 0~1000 mm	Approx. 2410 mm
	Approx. 0~720 mm	Approx. 2550 mm
3000mm	Approx. 0~2000 mm	Approx. 3410 mm
300011111	Approx. 0~1720 mm	Approx. 3550 mm



Product code



*1: For a throw-in type or drop-in type that does not require a protection pipe, the supported equipment code is NA (not required).

Notes:

The optional pole stand ZB-1 and protection pipe mounting brackets ZCH-3 can be ordered separately. See the following page for details.

Accessories

Pole stand

50 A pole stanchion used to mount the transmitter and detector.

ZB1-1-
A
B
ZCustom spec.
Materials and finish
1 50A steel pipe (SGP) and steel plate,
Metallic silver coating
2 50A SUS304, no coating
3 50A SUS304, metallic silver coating
9 Custom spec.

Note 1: A general pole stanchion used to mount the on-site transmitter/detector.

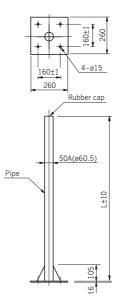
Note 2: The pole stanchion has a flat plate base with reinforcement ribs to support the pole.

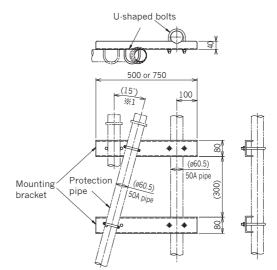
Mounting brackets for the protection pipe of the drop-in type detector

ZCH3-0-□□

TT	
- L- F	Protection pipe size
1	50A (for pH/ORP/DO/SSF)
2	65A (for LDO)
9	Custom spec.
E E	Bracket length
A	500 mm
В	750 mm
Z	Custom spec.

- Note 1: The stainless cast C-channel brackets used to fix the 50 A protection pipe of the drop-in type pH/ORP/DO/SS analyzer detector (SUS) or the 65 A protection pipe of the LDO analyzer detector (SUS) to the 50 A pole stanchion. The brackets are mounted in sets of two. Two U-shaped bolts
- The brackets are mounted in sets of two. Two U-shaped bolts are used to fix the protection pipe vertically or at a 15 degree angle.
- Note 2: Combined detectors: HC-N95, JHC-95C, HC-G95, PHC-95D, OC-950, JOC-950C, POC-95D or LDO/SSF-1600.





%1: The protection pipe can be mounted vertically or at an angle.





DKK-TOA Corporation



Do not operate producuts before consulting instruction manual.

http://www.dkktoa.net

Information and specifications are for a typical system and are subject to change without notice